#### "People-centric" data infrastructure & descriptive work

- 1. Identify emerging & critical research fields through investigators, not topics
- 2. Expand beyond faculty to focus on <u>students & trainees</u>
- 3. Use careers of research-trained people to <u>identify jobs & employers</u>

#### Designed to answer social science & policy questions

#### How do

- research investments in
- critical & emerging fields have
- concrete, documentable effects on
- jobs, workers, employers & innovation ecosystems in
- specific regions?

#### Flexibly & reliably address the needs of many stakeholders

# Accommodate widely varying fields to provide timely, granular information

CHIPS & Science : 10 Key Technology Areas

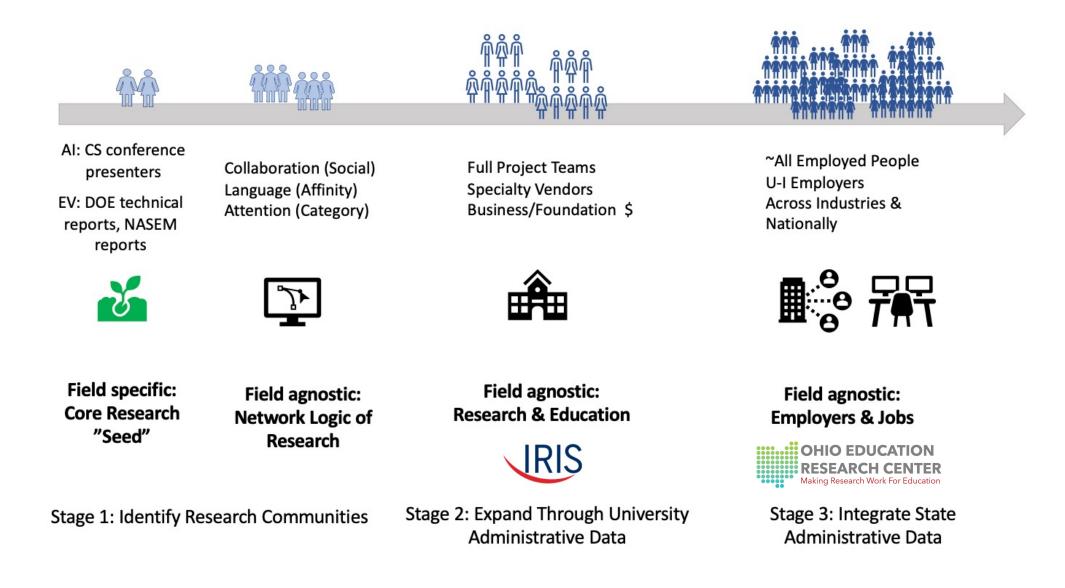
- Artificial Intelligence
- High Performance Computing
- Quantum Technology
- Advanced Manufacturing
- Cybersecurity
- Biotech
- Advanced Energy Efficiency
- Material Science

#### For constituencies far beyond academia

The critical next steps in AI development should ... improve workers' lives, positively augment human work, and help all people safely enjoy the gains and opportunities from technological innovation.

- President Biden (Executive Order on AI 10/3/2023

#### Built around existing data infrastructures & network theory



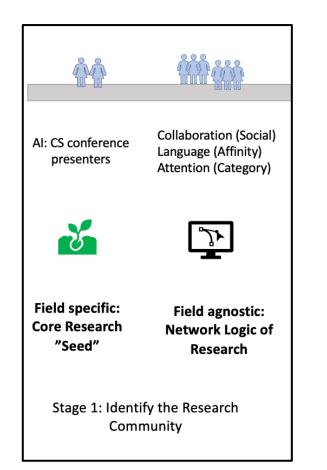
# The Industries of Ideas Project will

- 1. <u>Build</u> a prototype measurement system for AI and Electric Vehicles (EV) in Ohio
- 2. <u>Describe</u> associations among research investments, jobs, employers, and innovation ecosystems in specific regions
- 3. <u>Report</u> findings via prototype dashboards developed with academic, state and federal stakeholders
- 4. <u>Plan</u> for expansion in

We need your help to accomplish 3 & 4

- Scale more universities, states, fields
- Scope additional domains and types of data
- Usability data/findings access, research use, training needs etc.

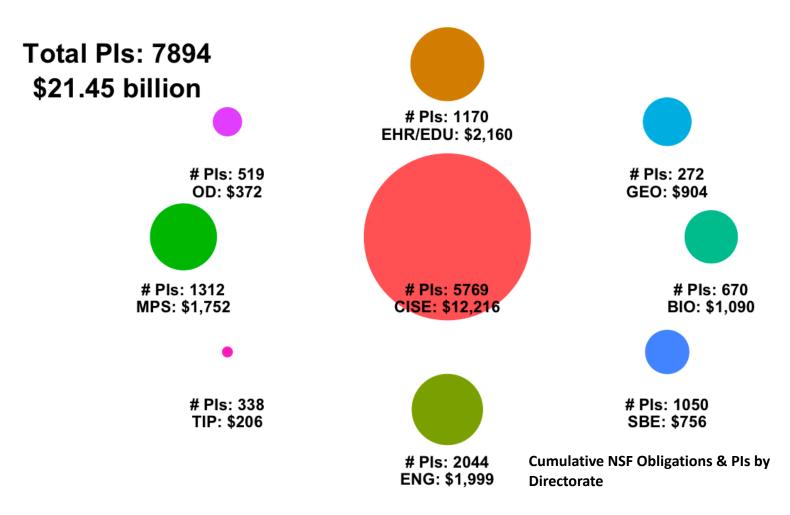
## US researchers are a minority, but author most AI papers. 8.6% were PIs on NSF grants totaling \$21.5 billion.



- 248,460 Global Researchers
- 91,379 (36.8%) w/ US Affiliations
- 1.96 million papers
- 1.17 million (59.4%) w. US Authors
- 35,127 NSF Awards
- \$21.5 billion
- 7,894 (8.6% of US, 3.2% of Total) Unique PIs

Preliminary Findings: Data are about 2 weeks old

### Al-related NSF funding is highly interdisciplinary



- CISE dominates in terms of \$ and PIs
- Every directorate is involved
- SBE & EHR both play important roles
- Nearly Half (48.4%) of PIs have been funded by 2+ directorates

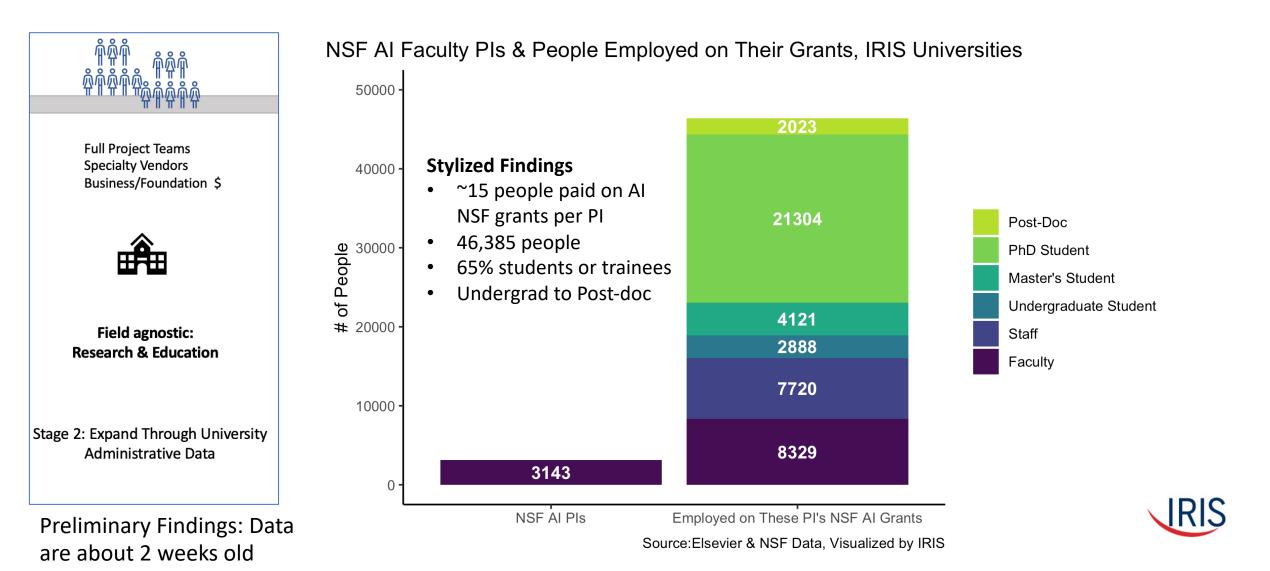
Preliminary Findings: Data are about 2 weeks old

#### 75% of US AI authors have collaborated with an NSF PI

- Academic NSF AI PIs (N = 7197) are **Rare** 
  - < 8% of the US group and < 3% of the global group
- Productive
  - 22% of total papers, and 37% of US authored papers
- Highly Collaborative
  - 75% of US AI Authors who aren't NSF PIs have written papers with them

Top 15 Universities by NSF Obligations for "AI" 2010-2023						
University	# Al Pis	Total NSF Obl. To AI Pis				
Carnegie Mellon University	395	\$	1,540,616,481			
University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign	267	\$	1,365,809,739			
University of California, San Diego	154	\$	1,335,410,004			
University of California, Berkeley	200	\$	885,548,950			
Massachusetts Institute of Technology	277	\$	835,739,903			
The University of Texas at Austin	163	\$	733,226,176			
Cornell University	188	\$	688,971,763			
University of Washington	206	\$	659,492,752			
Georgia Institute of Technology	223	\$	611,813,598			
Purdue University	171	\$	608,980,497			
Stanford University	206	\$	573,433,262			
University of California, Los Angeles	143	\$	567,258,748			
Columbia University	200	\$	486,689,189			
University of Pennsylvania	144	\$	470,496,904			
University of Southern California	191	\$	426,163,255			

## About 3100 PIs employed more than 46,000 people on their Alrelated NSF grants at universities with data in IRIS



Employers "bid into" critical & emerging fields by hiring research trained people. Their industries are "touched" by relevant research investments.



Our key assumption:

Companies employ people to develop AI research programs because

- they have a pressing business interest in AI and its applications.
- their (costly) signals of interest also indicate possible directions for their industries and competitors

Assessing the workforce characteristics of industries where company affiliates are publishing can provide early, orienting signals.

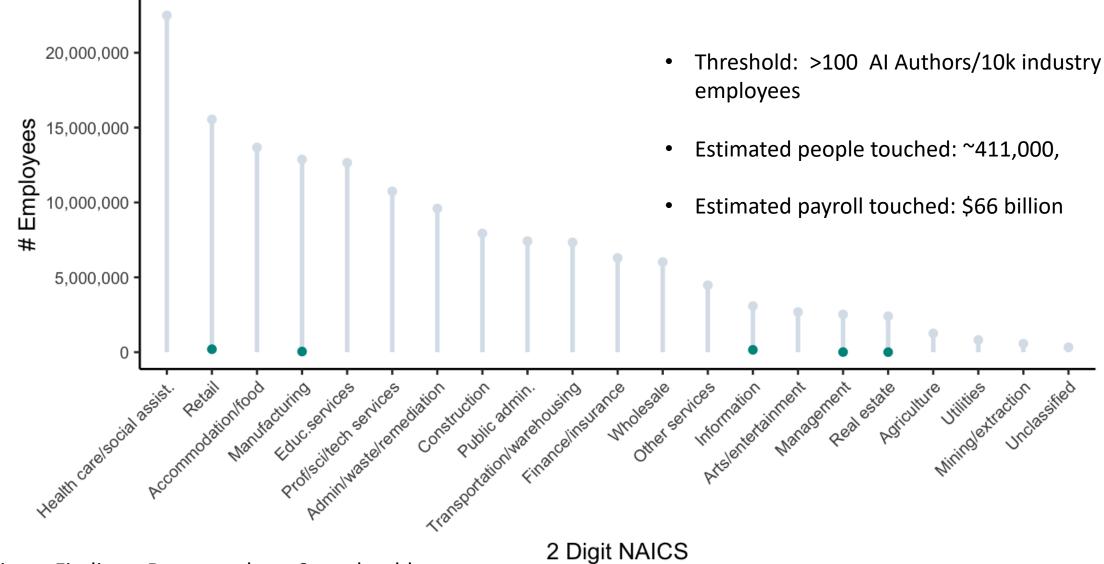


# Companies that employ AI authors are an initial "tracer condition" for describing workforce implications.

Sector	Specialized Industry	AI Authors	Most Author Intense Firm
Administrative Support	Other business service centers (including copy shops)	297	Accenture
Information	Web search portals and all other information services	8955	Alphabet Inc.
Information	Wired telecommunications carriers	979	Yahoo Research Labs
Information	Television broadcasting stations	314	The Walt Disney Company
Management	Offices of bank holding companies	491	Raytheon
Manufacturing	Manufacturing and reproducing magnetic and optical media	6925	Microsoft USA
Manufacturing	Semiconductor and related device manufacturing	1943	Intel
Manufacturing	Electronic computer manufacturing	612	Apple
Manufacturing	Computer terminal and other computer peripheral equipment manufacturing	475	Hewlett-Packard
Prof/Sci/Tech Services	Computer systems design services	4111	IBM
Prof/Sci/Tech Services	Research and development in the social sciences and humanities	521	SRI International
Prof/Sci/Tech Services	Custom computer programming services	299	Kitware, Inc
Prof/Sci/Tech Services	Research and development in the physical, engineering, and life sciences	259	Battelle
Retail	All other miscellaneous retailers	2246	Amazon.com, Inc.

Preliminary Findings: Data are about 2 weeks old

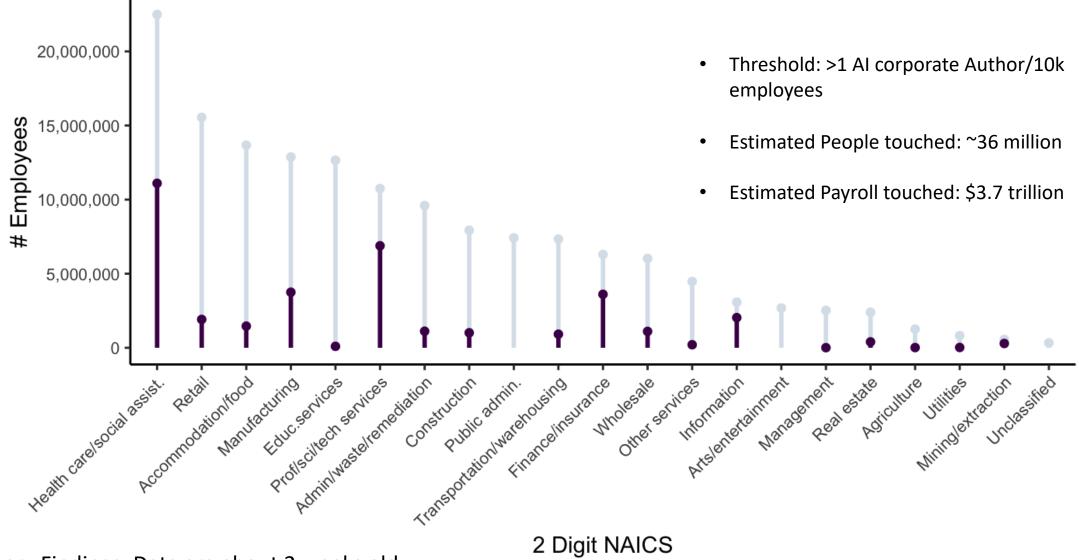
#### Al touches ~ 411,000 workers in 5 major sectors (Narrow Estimate)



Preliminary Findings: Data are about 2 weeks old

Source: QCEW & Elsevier Data Compiled & Visualized by IRIS

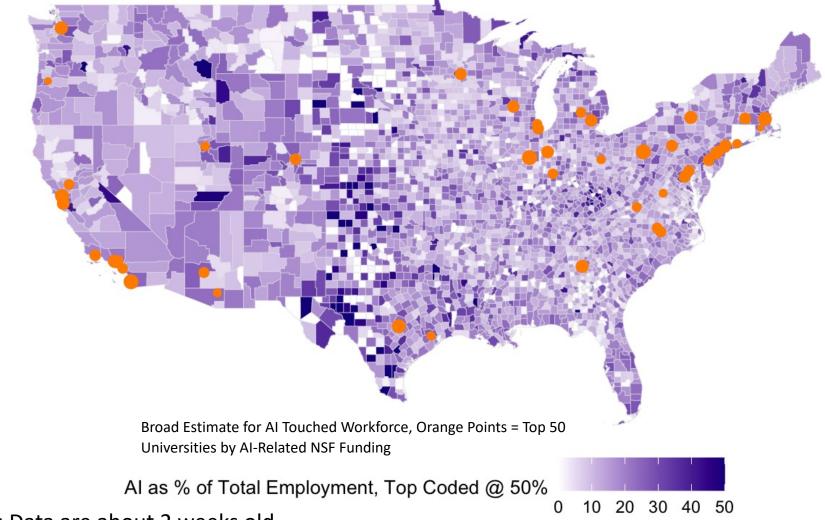
#### Al touches ~ 36 million workers in 18 major sectors (Broad Estimate)



Preliminary Findings: Data are about 2 weeks old

Source: QCEW & Elsevier Data Compiled & Visualized by IRIS

# The AI touched workforce is spread across the nation cot clearly concentrated near universities

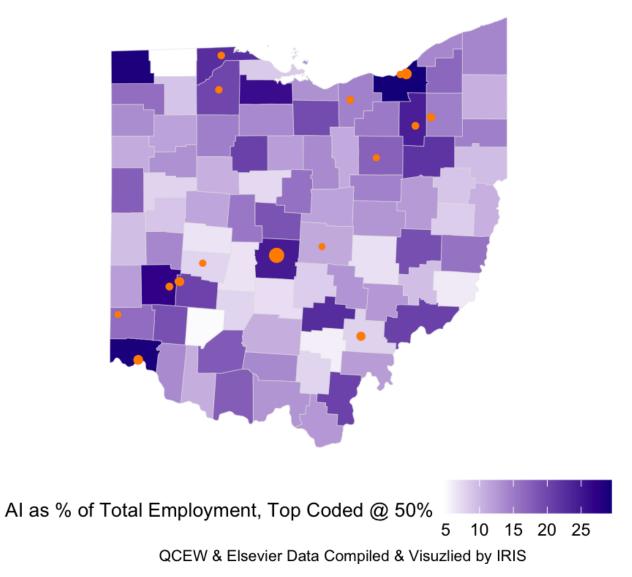


Preliminary Findings: Data are about 2 weeks old

QCEW & Elsevier Data Compiled & Visuzlied by IRIS

Linking state workforce data to university administrative data will yield more accurate descriptions and increase opportunities for causal estimation to answer essential questions

#### We Need Your Help



#### Industries of Ideas

- ➢ Pilot in OH
- Plan & Prioritize for expansion

#### **Consider Contributing by**

- Identifying domain experts to help develop & validate approach
- Providing university leadership perspective via SSRC-led Advisory Board
- Engaging with IRIS to share your institution's data
- Informing data infrastructure design to meet social science research needs



